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Case Docket No.: HH 253-KFM
THE COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

Date: February 1, 1999

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of

Inventor: GEORG SCHWINN

For: WEB WITH TWO OUTER LAYERS AND AN ADHESIVE MIDDLE LAYER AS
WELL AS PROCESS TO PRODUCE SAID WEB

Enclosed are:

- ☒ 3 Sheets of drawing. (FIGS. 1-3)
☐ A certified copy of a _____ application (priority document).
☐ A declaration and power of attorney.
☐ Priority is hereby claimed on the basis of the following:

	Country	Serial No.	Date	
<input type="checkbox"/> A verified statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 37 CFR 1.27				
The filing fee has been calculated as shown below:				
	(Col. 1)	(Col. 2)	SMALL ENTITY	OTHER THAN A SMALL ENTITY
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BASIC FEE			\$ 380.00	OR \$ 760.00
TOTAL CLAIMS	15 - 20=	2	x 9= \$	OR x18= \$
INDEP CLAIMS	1 - 3=		x39= \$	OR x78= \$
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HH 253-KFM:jg
MWP 57-US

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Georg Schwinn
Serial No. : TO BE ASSIGNED
Filed : HEREWITH
For : WEB WITH TWO OUTER LAYERS AND AN
ADHESIVE MIDDLE LAYER AS WELL AS PROCESS
TO PRODUCE SAID WEB

February 1, 1999

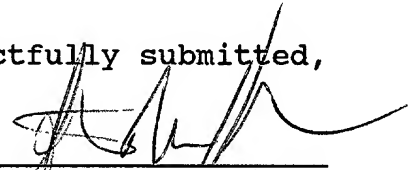
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STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.41(c)

The undersigned has been authorized by the above-identified applicant to file the application which is being filed herewith on behalf of the inventor(s). Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 111 and 37 C.F.R. 1.41(c), the required oath and surcharge will be submitted within two (2) months of the filing date or one (1) month from the date of Notice from the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office that the executed oath is due in the above-identified application, whichever date is later.

Respectfully submitted,

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WEB WITH TWO OUTER LAYERS AND AN ADHESIVE MIDDLE LAYER AS WELL AS PROCESS TO PRODUCE SAID WEB

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a multi-layer elastic flat-shaped article, formed from at least two outer layers comprising a porous fiber material, such as polyolefin fiber batting, and at least one middle layer, which consists of adhesive skeins applied in linear fashion.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

German Patent DE-AS 28 35 822, entitled "Absorptive Laminate and Procedure", relates to a laminate structure that consists of two absorbent layers formed from cellulose fibers, and a middle layer. The middle layer is an adhesive divided into dots or strip shapes, which can also be formed from intersecting lines. However, this patent does not disclose a multi-layer flat-shaped article that results in an air-permeable, highly elastic sheet, using fusion adhesives.

In the adhesive skein configuration according to figure 2 of German Patent DE-AS 28 35 822, care is taken to ensure that the adhesive distribution does not interrupt air permeability. As a result, the adhesive is provided, such that a highly elastic middle layer is produced, which gives elasticity to the flat shaped article, so that the fiber materials that form the outer layers can be easily distorted, but by themselves remain inelastic.

U.S. Patent No. 5,342,469, expressly incorporated herein by reference, relates to a method for making a composite with a discontinuous adhesive structure.

U.S. Patent No. 4,606,964, expressly incorporated herein by reference, relates to a bulked web composite article, and method for the manufacture thereof.

U.S. Patent No. 5,514,470, expressly incorporated herein by reference, relates to a composite plastic-bonded material.

See also, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,835,881, 5,789,065, 5,462,708, 5,283,733, 5,178,931, 4,801,482, and 5,159,706, expressly incorporated herein by reference.

SUMMARY AND OBJECTS OF THE INVENTION

In order to provide a multi layer laminate structure, having an air-permeable, highly elastic sheet, using fusion adhesives, the present invention provides an adhesive skein which consists of a thermoplastic material that is elastic at room temperature. The configuration of the adhesive skeins forms a latticework which permits elastic stretching under tensile loading, and restoration of the adhesive skein configuration when tension is released.

According to the present invention, the adhesive skeins can be advantageously applied by means of a printing process. For this, normal printing processes are suitable, such as intaglio printing, flexoprinting, or screen printing. The adhesive skeins are applied in lattice fashion on one, or on both, layers of material to be laminated. After the lattice-shaped application, the strips are placed adjacent to one on another and glued using thermoplastic adhesive. Here, for example, a heated intaglio printer can be used, whose intaglio cylinder is engraved in such a way that a lattice-shaped, waffle-like application results on the batting material strip. The same holds true for the flexoprinting or screen printing processes.

Materials suitable as batting substances are well known in the art. For example, materials which can be manufactured employing a plaiting strip and can be formed using the spun batten process or the melt-blown process. Thus, the thickness of the batten can vary greatly, according to the manufacturing process and parameters thereof. It is also possible to have the applied adhesive skein penetrate at least partially into the batting material, thus

achieving improved attachment. According to the present invention, special value is placed on the configuration of the adhesive skeins. These can be applied in parallel, as straight or meandering strips. However, preferably they will be adhesive skeins which run into each other (intersect) in specular zig-zag or sinusoid curves that will overlap or touch at their vertices, so that a waffle-like configuration results.

It is also possible to regularly interrupt the adhesive skeins using a valve-controlled nozzle, so that relatively short segments are always produced; these likewise ensure that the flat-shaped article will be elastic. The interruptions may be regularly spaced or randomly or pseudorandomly spaced, such as by the inclusion of bubbled within the heated adhesive. However, the interruptions are preferably not coincident across the laminated structure, unless a frangible, weak, or irreversibly stretched location is desired.

Additionally, the invention relates to a procedure for manufacturing a multi-layer elastic flat-shaped article, which consists of at least two outer layers made of a porous fiber material and of at least one rubbery elastic middle layer.

A process according to the present invention is characterized in that, by means of a printing process or pressing out of skein, adhesive skeins which consist of a thermoplast that is elastic at room temperature, are applied to a substrate made of porous fiber material. The configuration of the adhesive skeins produces a two-dimensional latticework. Under tensile

loading and relieving, elastic stretching and recovery of the adhesive skein configuration is permitted.

The adhesive can be applied using multiple nozzles, so that strips are formed perpendicular to a direction of movement of the material strips to be laminated. A waffle-shaped or lattice-type application, or a rectangular structure, can result from nozzles that move correspondingly opposite each other.

According to another aspect of the invention, it is possible to provide an adhesive thickness greater in the edge area of a flat-shaped article than in the middle area. The resulting flat-shaped article can be processed to form panty liners or sanitary napkins or similar items. Such a structure may also be useful to fabricate disposable diapers.

In each case, it is an aspect of the present invention that the adhesives employed which remain elastic at room temperature and can be processed as hot-setting adhesives. By elastic, it is meant that the material, in its applied configuration, will allow the composite structure, including two laminated layers, to be stretched without delamination of the skein from both layers or tension-related failure of the adhesive. The minimum tolerable degree of stretch may vary for differing applications will vary, for example, from 1% up to near the tensile elongation limit of the batting material. Often, however, it is desired that the batting not be subjected to destructive elongation. Therefore, the elongation of the laminate may advantageously be limited by a non-linear increase in tension as the adhesive is stretched. For

example, as the skein pattern is stretched, the elements of the pattern become straightened.

When they are almost fully straightened, the forces resisting elongation shift from the forces of the batting supporting the skein in its non-linear normal state to the elastic forces of the skein and laminated layers together. As the tension further increases, a further non-linear increase in tension may occur due to an inherent non-linear elongation-force relationship of either the adhesive, layers, or both. While preferably the skein does not delaminate from the layers during normal use, the product may be designed to selectively delaminate to provide desired elongation properties or as a preferred failure mode. If the elastic retains a tacky surface, it may, after elongation and partial delamination, re-adhere to the layers.

It should also be understood that, while the invention described below relates to production of a three layer laminate, greater number of layers may be adhered to achieve desired properties. It is also understood that the materials and configuration for each layer may differ. Thus, the laminate need not be reversible nor symmetric.

These and other objects will become apparent. For a full understanding of the present invention, reference should now be made to the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments of the invention as illustrated in the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

The invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 according to the present invention is an embodiment of a multi-layer strip of material in a separated state; and

Fig 2 according to the present invention is a schematic depiction of one phase in the manufacture of a laminated strip of material.

Fig. 3 according to the present invention shows a configuration similar to that of Fig. 1, with interrupted skeins.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The detailed preferred embodiments of the invention will now be described with respect to the drawings. Like features of the drawings are indicated with the same reference numerals.

Figure 1 shows two strips of batting 1, 2, of which one is coated beneath batting strip 2 using heated intaglio printing (not shown) with a configuration of adhesive skeins 3. The adhesive skeins have a thickness of about 0.1 to 1.5 mm, with a width of batting material strip 1, 2 of about 50 mm. As can be seen in Fig. 1, the batting material skeins are laid so that they run in sinusoid curves. At their vertices 4, each of them overlap or touch, thus producing a waffle-shaped configuration 5. If tension is exerted in transverse direction Q on the flat-shaped article which consists of the adhesive skeins and the two batting material strips 1, 2, then the adhesive skeins elongate and pull apart. However, since they consist of thermoplasts that are elastic at room temperature, restoration occurs after the tensile loading ceases, due to the flexible properties of the adhesive configuration.

As shown in Fig. 3, the strips 3, 4 may be interrupted, with gaps 6.

Application of the adhesive may also take place using a printing process such as flexoprinting or screen printing.

According to Fig. 2, a procedure is provided in which two batting material skeins 1, 2 are produced by a conveyor belt. These are advanced through the apparatus by means of deflection sheaves 11, 12. By means of two working rollers 13, 14, the two strips 1, 2 are brought together. Several nozzles 15 are placed transverse to the direction of the strip. With the aid of these nozzles 15, an adhesive skein 16 is applied directly from above into the gap between the two strips 1, 2 that have been brought together. The two strips 1, 2 are then compressed before the adhesive cools, to assure bonding.

The enlarged depiction in the lower part of figure 2 shows that adhesive skeins are present, which in cross section, appear as circles 16 in each instance. In each case, the adhesive is applied as a hot-melt in a heated liquid state, which in the course of the procedure that follows, becomes an elastic skein. Using this skein, multi-layer, elastic flat-shaped articles can be produced. These consist of at least two strips made of porous fiber material, especially non-woven sheets made of polyethylene, polypropylene or other polyolefins that can be brought together, producing a highly elastic flat-shaped article.

Using the above-named procedure, flat-shaped articles that are "breathable" can be produced. These are especially required for hygienic products such as panty liners, diapers, incontinence aids and the like. Through appropriate adjustments, the batten thickness and absorption capacity can each be greatly controlled, while the elasticity is ensured by the special middle layer. Also, these products can be manufactured at high speed, since heated printing

cylinders are known by which a hot-melt thermoplast can be readily and rapidly applied. These operate at great rotational speeds.

The adhesive itself can consist of, for example, materials such as styrene-butadiene-styrene (SBS), metallocene - polyolefins or the like, as known in the art.

There has thus been shown and described a novel laminate and process for the production thereof, which fulfill all the objects and advantages sought therefor. Many changes, modifications, variations, combinations, subcombinations and other uses and applications of the subject invention will, however, become apparent to those skilled in the art after considering this specification and the accompanying drawings which disclose the preferred embodiments thereof.

All such changes, modifications, variations and other uses and applications which do not depart from the spirit and scope of the invention are deemed to be covered by the invention, which is to be limited only by the claims which follow.

CLAIMS:

What is claimed is:

1. Multi-layer elastic flat-shaped article having a predefined shape, comprising:

at least two outer layers made of a porous fibrous or filamentous batting; and

at least one inner layer, disposed between and adherent to a pair of said at least two outer layers, said inner layer being applied as at least one adhesive skein forming a latticework configuration, the adhesive skein comprising a thermoplast having elastic properties at room temperature, and being adapted to recover said latticework configuration after tensile loading to thereby allow said flat shaped article to be elastically stretched.
2. The article according to claim 1, wherein said adhesive skeins are applied using a printing process.
3. The article according to claim 2, wherein said printing process comprises a process selected from one or more of the group consisting of intaglio printing, flexoprinting and screen printing.
4. The article according to claim 1, characterized in that the adhesive skeins are applied as parallel strips.

5. The article according to claim 4, wherein said parallel strips are disposed along a path which is straight or meandering.

6. The article according to claim 1, wherein said adhesive skeins run in zig-zag or sinusoid curves that are specular to each other, and whose vertices touch or overlap, forming a waffle-like configuration.

7. The article according to claim 1, wherein said adhesive skeins are applied as interrupted skein segments.

8. The article according to claim 1, wherein fibrous or filamentous batting comprises polyolefins.

9. A method for manufacturing a multi-layer, elastic flat-shaped article having a predetermined shape and having at least two outer layers, and at least one inner layer, disposed between and adherent to a pair of said at least two outer layers, said inner layer being applied as at least one adhesive skein forming a latticework configuration, comprising the steps of:

providing the at least two outer layers;

depositing an adhesive skein between the at least two outer layers in a latticework configuration, the adhesive skein comprising a thermoplast having elastic properties at room temperature, by means of a printing process or extrusion of skein.

10. The method according to claim 9, wherein said flat shaped article is adapted to recover said predetermined shape after tensile loading, to thereby allow said flat shaped article to be elastically stretched.

11. The method according to claim 9, wherein an adhesive skein is applied by means of intaglio printing, flexoprinting or screen printing.

12. The method according to claim 9, wherein a plurality of adhesive skeins are applied in parallel straight strips or meandering strips.

13. The method according to claim 9, wherein said adhesive skeins run in zig-zag or sinusoid curves that are specular to each other, whose vertices touch or overlap, so that a waffle-like configuration results.

14. The method according to claim 9, wherein said adhesive skein is formed by a method comprising the steps of:
printing a first room temperature-elastic thermoplast adhesive skein configuration on at least one outer layer; and

feeding a second room temperature-elastic thermoplast adhesive skein, which is glued together with the first skein via the still-hot thermoplast.

15. The method according to claim 9, wherein said depositing step comprises applying the adhesive by means of nozzles.

16. The method according to claim 15, wherein the outer layers are fed in a direction of movement, and the nozzles are displaced during application of adhesive in a path having a component perpendicular to the direction of layer movement.

17. The method according to claim 9, wherein said depositing step comprises feeding the adhesive from above, in a gap between two outer layers.

18. The method according to claim 9, wherein at least one of said outer layers comprises a porous fibrous or filamentous batting.

19. The method according to claim 18, wherein flat shaped article has an axis of elasticity transverse to plane defined by said outer layers, based on a configuration of the adhesive skein.

ABSTRACT

A multi-layer elastic flat-shaped article having a predefined shape, consisting of at least two outer layers made of a porous fibrous or filamentous batting, and at least one inner layer, disposed between and adherent to a pair of said at least two outer layers. The inner layer is applied as at least one adhesive skein forming a latticework configuration. The adhesive skein is formed of a thermoplast having elastic properties at room temperature, and being adapted to recover its latticework configuration after tensile loading. The resulting article flat shaped article may be elastically stretched, and return to its original configuration. A preferred method for depositing the thermoplast is a printing process, for example intaglio printing, flexoprinting or screen printing. Nozzles may also be used to extrude hot thermoplast in a pattern defined by a relative movement of the outer layer or layers and the nozzle. The pattern may be continuous or interrupted.

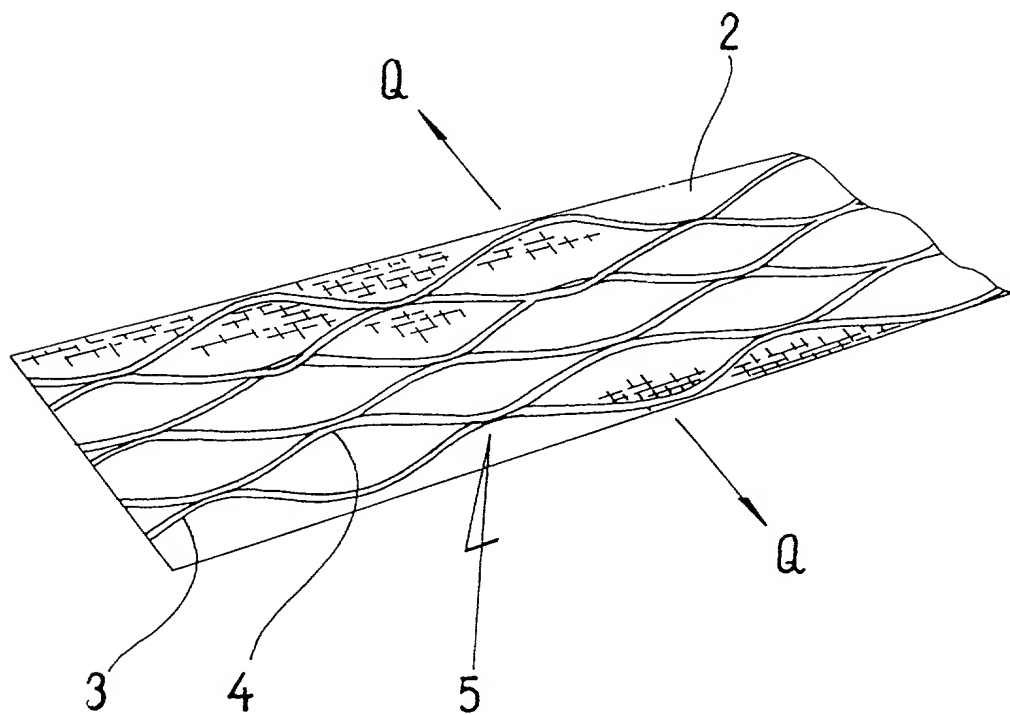
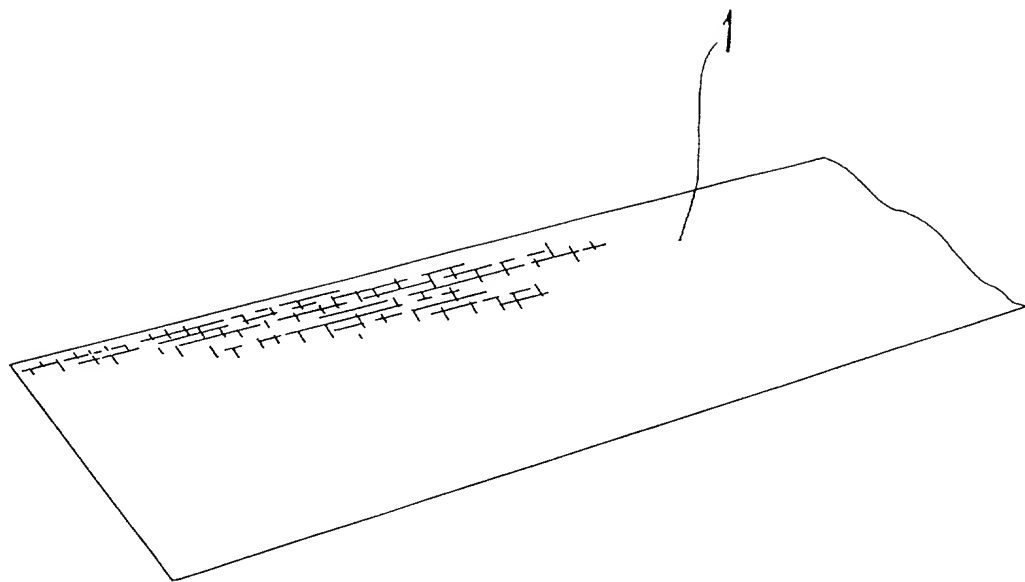
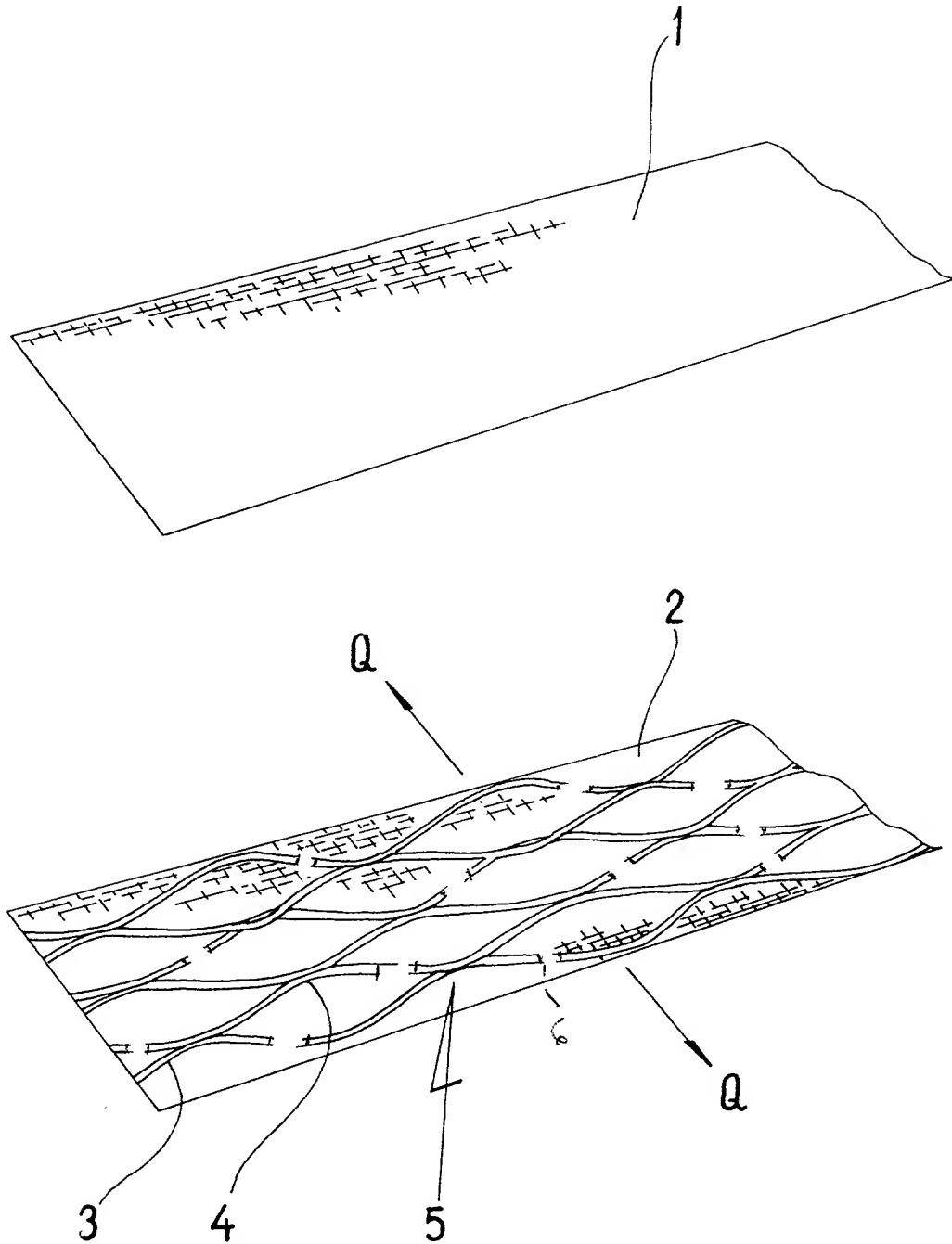


Fig. 1



Tip 3